

**NAME**

install-tl – TeX Live cross-platform installer

**SYNOPSIS**

install-tl [OPTION]...

install-tl.bat [OPTION]...

**DESCRIPTION**

The TeX Live installer works across all supported platforms and allows to install TeX Live from various media, including the network.

Post-installation configuration, packages updates, and more, are now available through **tlmgr**(1), the TeX Live Manager (<<http://tug.org/texlive/tlmgr.html>>).

The most up-to-date version of this documentation is on the Internet at <<http://tug.org/texlive/doc/install-tl.html>>.

**OPTIONS**

**-gui** *[[=]module]*

If no *module* is given starts the `perlTk` (see below) GUI installer.

If *module* is given loads the given installer module. Currently the following modules are supported:

`text`    The text mode user interface which is the default on Unix systems, and can be forced with by giving `text` as *module*, or with the `-no-gui` switch.

`wizard`

The wizard mode user interface asking only a few questions before installing all of TeX Live. This is the default on Windows systems.

`perlTk`

The all-in-one GUI installer. It can also be selected by giving the `-gui` option without any *module*.

The `perlTk` and `wizard` modules, and thus also when calling with a simple `-gui` (without *module*) requires the Perl/Tk module (<<http://tug.org/texlive/distro.html#perlTk>>); if Perl/Tk is not available, installation continues in text mode.

**-no-gui**

Use the text mode installer (default except on Windows).

**-lang** *2-letter lang code*

(only for GUI installer) If possible, start the installer translated into the language specified by the 2-letter (ISO 639-1) language code (with the exception for selecting simplified or traditional Chinese). Currently supported languages: English (`en`, default), Czech (`cs`), German (`de`), French (`fr`), Italian (`it`), Dutch (`nl`), Polish (`pl`), Russian (`ru`), Slovak (`sk`), Slovenian (`sl`), Vietnamese (`vi`), simplified Chinese (`zh-cn`), and traditional Chinese (`zh-tw`).

**-repository** *url|path*

Specify the package repository to be used as the source of the installation, either a local directory via `/path/to/directory` or a `file:// url`, or a network location via a `http://` or `ftp://` url. (No other protocols are supported.)

If the repository is local, the installation type (compressed or live) is automatically determined, by checking for the presence of a `archive` directory relative to the root.

Compressed is preferred if both are available, since it is faster. Here's an example of using a local directory:

```
-repository /local/TL/repository
```

If the repository is on the network, trailing / characters and/or trailing /tlpkg and /archive components are ignored. For example, you could choose a particular CTAN mirror with something like this:

```
-repository http://ctan.example.org/its/ctan/dir/systems/texlive/tlnet
```

Of course a real hostname and its particular top-level CTAN path have to be specified. The list of CTAN mirrors is available at <<http://ctan.org/mirrors>>.

The default is to pick a mirror automatically, using <<http://mirror.ctan.org/systems/texlive/tlnet>>; the chosen mirror is used for the entire download. You can use the special repository name `ctan` as an abbreviation for this. See <<http://ctan.org>> for more about CTAN and its mirrors.

After installation is complete, you can use that installation as the repository for another installation. If you chose to install less than the full scheme containing all packages, the list of available schemes will be adjusted accordingly.

For backward compatibility and convenience, `--location` and `--repo` are accepted as aliases for this option.

#### **-no-cls**

(only for text mode installer) do not clear the screen when entering a new menu (for debugging purposes).

#### **-non-admin**

For Windows only: configure for the current user, not for all users.

#### **-all-options**

Normally options not regarding the current architecture are not shown. Giving this cmd line option allows to configure settings in the final tlpdb that do not have any immediate effect.

#### **-portable**

Start the installer for portable use—but use the `tl-portable` scripts instead of this option. See below for details.

#### **-print-arch**

Print the detected arch-os combination and exit.

#### **-force-arch** *arch-os*

Instead of auto-detecting the current platform use the one given on the cmd line. Make sure that there are binaries for this platform and they can actually be run.

#### **-profile** *profile*

Load the *profile* file for repeated installations on different systems. A *profile* contains the values of all necessary variable for the installation. After normal installation has finished a profile for that exact installation is written into `DEST/tlpkg/texlive.profile`. That file can be used to do the exact same installation on a different computer.

You can also hand-craft such a profile starting from a generated one by changing some values. Normally a profile has to contain the value 1 for each collection that should be installed,

even if the scheme is specified. That follows from the logic of the installer that you first select a scheme and then can change the actual collections being installed.

There is one exception to this: If the profile contains a variable for **selected\_scheme** and *no* collection variable is defined in the profile, then the collections which the specified scheme requires are installed. Thus, a simple line `selected_scheme scheme-medium` together with the definitions of the paths (`TEXDIR`, `TEXDIRW`, `TEXMFHOME`, `TEXMFLOCAL`, `TEXMFSYSCONFIG`, `TEXMFSYSVAR`) suffices to install the medium scheme with all default options.

#### **-scheme *scheme***

Schemes are the highest level of package grouping in TeX Live; the default is to use the full scheme, which includes everything. This option overrides that default. You can change the scheme again before the actual installation with the usual menu. The *scheme* argument may optionally have a prefix `scheme-`. The list of supported scheme names depends on what your package repository provides; see the interactive menu list.

#### **-custom-bin *path***

In case your architecture is not supported by TeX Live out of the box and you have built your own binaries for your system, this option allows to give the *path* to a directory where ready made binaries for your system are present. The installation will continue as normally, but at the end all files from *path* are copied over to `bin/custom` in your installation folder and this directory will be added to the path for the postinstall actions.

#### **-debug-translation**

This switch will make `install-tl` report any missing or probably untranslated messages in the GUI installers to `STDERR`.

#### **-q** Omit normal informational messages.

#### **-v** Include debugging messages; repeat for maximum debugging, as in `-v -v`. (Further repeats are accepted but ignored.)

#### **-logfile *file***

Write both all messages (informational, debugging, warnings) to *file*, in addition to standard output or standard error.

If this option is not given, the installer will create a log file in the root of the writable installation tree, for example, `/usr/local/texlive/YYYY/install-tl.log` for the *YYYY* release.

#### **--help, -help, -?**

Display this help and exit.

#### **--version, -version**

Output version information and exit. If `-v` has been given the revisions of the used modules are reported, too.

As usual, all options can be specified with either `-` or `--`, and arguments can be separated from their options by either a space or `=`.

## **PORTABLE USE**

The TeX Live root directory contains a shell script `tl-portable.sh` and a DOS batch file `tl-portable.bat` which start up a new shell and command prompt in which TeX Live can be run with minimal impact on the host system. These files start up `install-tl` with the

`-portable` option for some minimal preparation. Don't use this option directly; it makes very specific assumptions about its environment.

## **AUTHORS AND COPYRIGHT**

This script and its documentation were written for the TeX Live distribution ([<http://tug.org/texlive>](http://tug.org/texlive)) and both are licensed under the GNU General Public License Version 2 or later.